

LORD COLERIDGE'S OPINION OF AMERICA.

It is refreshing and instructive to have an intelligent foreigner like the Lord Chief Justice of England, make the tour of our country and tell us exactly what he thinks of us. This distinguished Englishman has not been reserved in his comments upon what he has seen, neither are sensitive people likely to take offense at his remarks, for he is candid like the true Judge, not sarcastic like the caricaturing novelist Dickens. At the reception tendered him by the State Bar Association of New York, he made the chief speech of the evening, though that prince of after-dinner orators, Wm. M. Evans, was among the guests and talked long and eloquently. Mr. Coleridge told his auditors that it is not our enormous size as a nation, nor yet our immense aggregations of wealth that have chiefly interested him in his trip through this country, but the condition of our upper and lower middle classes, a condition that he has longed to see but never expects to see in England. Among these classes he met highly educated men, who would do credit to any capital, diffused throughout the country, and, what delighted him more, he saw tens of thousands of comfortable houses all lived in by the owners. He was surprised to learn that this possession of homes was pretty general, that American farmers generally own their farms, gentlemen their houses, and artisans their cottages. This fact undoubtedly opened the eyes of this learned Judge to the cause of American patriotism, that impelled a million men to take up arms for the defense of the integrity of the nation and the perpetuity of the Government. They were defending the homes that they owned, the very title to which was involved in the issue of the contest. "This," said the learned Judge, "is your glory—your real happiness. Let me entreat you to keep it, to guard it, never to let it go. Don't be deluded by the splendor hollowed by discontent and misery such as exist where a feudal system prevails."

Lord Coleridge was, as he had been on other occasions, liberal in his encomiums upon the American system of jurisprudence and the great American jurists. But he allowed that he had discovered some systems of jurisprudence in this country that he allowed himself unable to master. Two assertions he made regarding the English courts in comparison with the American. One is that they move faster; that notwithstanding the popular impression here to the contrary, the undecided cases are not piled up there awaiting judgment as in the United States. This is the more remarkable on account of the greater number of judges here. He alluded to the fact that as the result of ten years' labor by a committee, the English judges have recommended certain changes in the methods of procedure in the direction of simplification, which he hoped would prove beneficial. It might be suggested that the United States courts could profit greatly by an attempt at simplification. All our judicial tendencies are in the other direction. Lord Coleridge's second assertion was that the English judges assume more the direction of affairs than the practice of some States and the statutes of others permit. It is possible that his Lordship had in mind the recent trials of Irish assassins over which he presided with such indifference to technical defenses, as compared with certain trials of criminals in this country, those of Tweed and Guiteau, for instance. From a layman's standpoint the Englishman appeared to have the best of us on that point.

This kind of criticism may do us good. We are not jealous of England's claim to superiority in many things, for we know that the advantages of youth and room to grow are ours, and these more than counterbalance all pretensions to a higher culture and a more advanced civilization. In the great principle of personal liberty and opportunity we are immeasurably ahead of her, a fact which the Chief Justice acknowledges in his reference to the ownership of homes and farms. With these secure all good things are sure to follow, and certainly we can afford to wait.

Chicago is the greatest lumber market in the world. The single item of sawed lumber received there in 1881 would lay an inch flooring fourteen feet wide round the earth at the equator. The amount of lumber manufactured in the three States of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota during 1881 would lay such a floor fifty feet wide.

to be some misapprehension about the title of General of the Army. That rank was created for General Grant, extended subsequently to Sherman by Act of Congress, and ceases with his retirement. The commanding General of the armies of the United States is now Lieutenant-General.

TAKE A FRONT SEAT.

It is an easy matter to find men on the eve of every political campaign who claim that the right thing to do is to stand back with folded hands until nominations are made and then select from the various names presented good men. Some of these people may be actuated by good motives, but the great majority of them are either those who maintain no positive conviction upon State policy or political matters, or are men who fancy their talents have been overlooked in the race for office. Suppose every voter in the land should follow this advice, what then? There would certainly be no such thing as party or settled principles of government. Under a Republican form of government parties are a necessity, and none the less so because men sometimes violate pledges to party principle and the people who elect them. The proper thing for every voter to do is to ally himself with the party whose principles best suit his idea of government, and place himself in the front rank, and remain on duty until the nominations are made, and to the utmost of his ability see to it that none but good men are selected for office. If parties become corrupt it is because voters become indifferent and careless of their duty and allow themselves to be used by selfish leaders, who, undisturbed, are sure to manipulate the party machinery in their own interests and that of chosen friends. No great or lasting good can ever be accomplished by skimming outside of the lines. The way to make yourself felt is to get right into the ranks and as near the front as possible and do your fighting within the lines, commencing at the primaries and never letting up until the battle is over.

An Ohio Nervation.

From slavery days to the present time, Oberlin, Ohio, has maintained the well merited name of being the hot-bed of fanaticism. At this time it is the temperance town of that State, and was to the individual who touches, tastes or handles alcohol in that city. Even druggists who deal in the article are ostracized from society. Frank Johnson, a druggist of that town, was recently made the subject of a Sunday morning discourse by the Rev. J. Brand, pastor of the Oberlin Congregational Church. The pastor charged the druggist with selling liquor and destroying men's souls. The sermon was subsequently published in a local paper from which the following is an extract: "Ghastly deeds of the past still stretch out their shaming hands and hush thee! Good men will breathe freer at thy death, and thy monument shall be a testimony that a plague is stayed. And as thy guilty spirit is borne on the blast toward the gates of hell, the hideous shrieks of those of whom thou hast ruined shall pierce thee." The abused druggist has commenced an action against the preacher and the paper that published the sermon, for \$20,000 damages.

Postal Matter.

One point in the report submitted by First Assistant Postmaster-General Hutton deserves attention. This is the statement representing the cost of the Star-route Service for last year and the three preceding years. Although the cost of the Star-route Service was cut down to the extent of nearly two millions by Postmaster-General James, the reduction was continued last year, the aggregate cost being less for the twelve months, ending June 30th, 1883, than for the preceding twelve months, by more than \$800,000. Nor was this accomplished by a decrease of the service rendered. Since 1880, the number of miles traveled has increased by nearly two millions, while the cost has fallen from \$7,300,000 to \$4,900,000.

Welcome to Them

In a dispatch to the Department of State, Rollin M. Daggett, United States Minister Resident at Honolulu, reports that at a meeting of the Hawaiian Cabinet at that date, the resolution of April 9, 1883, protesting against immigration of Chinese male laborers into the Hawaiian Islands, was considered and a resolution adopted instead, authorizing the emigration thither of such laborers under certain restrictions, at a rate not exceeding six hundred in any three months. The reason for this change is understood to be owing to the great number of Chinese laborers who annually return to China at the expiration of their contracts.

Pike's Peak has been surveyed for a narrow-gauge railway from Manitou to the summit, 30 miles, and work is to be commenced at once. Hon. Jas. H. Keer of Colorado Springs is President of the company. The maximum grade is to be 300 feet to the mile.

Postal Telegraph Ideas.

(S. F. Call.)

A bill looking to the establishment of a postal telegraph service by the government will probably be introduced in the next Congress. The proposition is now being discussed in the leading papers all over the country and the opinions elicited are many and various. One feature of the proposition is for the government to use a portion of its surplus revenue in building new lines; another for the government to condemn the lines now in private ownership and convert them to public use. It is urged against the first method of acquiring lines that the government has no moral right to use government funds to enter into a competition with private interests which will practically confiscate private property. The present lines were built when the business of telegraphing was an experiment, and have cost much more than would be the cost of duplicating the lines. The government would then be taking advantage of the experiments private individuals have made at their own expense, and with its unlimited capital, make such use of that advantage as would render of little or no value the property which has made the experiment. On the other hand, it is urged that the telegraph property is now held at about four times its real value, the original cost of construction being the basis of estimate. If the government should attempt to purchase the existing lines it would have to pay not only much more than the cost of constructing duplicate lines would now be, but more than the cost of the lines when constructed. To these obstacles in the way of acquiring telegraph lines may be added that of telegraphic service. The establishment of a government postal service would necessitate the creation of a new department, with a head in the Cabinet. The subordinates would be numerous and of course add proportionately to the patronage at the disposal of the party controlling the government. It is urged also that the service would be extravagant and perhaps corrupt—that it could not be expected to be better than other branches of government service. The general answer may be put in that the United States mail service is, all things considered, the cheapest service that is done for any people. For three cents a resident of San Francisco mails a letter practically from his own doorstep to the remotest point in the country, and letters from the same districts are delivered to him at the same small charge. Private parties might do the same service more cheaply between towns and cities, but such parties would only extend routes as the increase in population indicated that they would pay. The government sends mails in advance of people. It takes the profits of the service in thickly settled States to pay for service in advance of population. The mail service is efficiently and well conducted by the government. The number of subordinates under a correct system of appointing officials does not increase the difficulty of finding honest and faithful servants. There is, however, this point of difference between the mail service and the proposed postal service. The constitution gives the government the exclusive right to carry the mails. It had that right from the first and has always exercised it in common with the practice of all civilized governments. The postal service would rest on the ground of expediency of conferring thereby a benefit on the people so palpable that only the interested few would deny it.

Lost Opportunities

The Democrats of the country are greatly torn up over the question as to who shall be their candidate in the Presidential contest of next year. They go about crying, "Lo here and lo there," as the warning of Antichrist in the Bible. The "old ticket" just now appears to have the call, but it will not be the least probable of several that have been named, after it shall have been discussed, and as the meeting of the convention approaches. The old ticket is one of the lost opportunities of which there have been so many in the history of the leaders of the great political parties of this country. The tide in the affairs of a political leadership is taken at the flood that rarely comes but once in the lifetime of a Presidential candidate. Successful Presidential candidates have been re-elected because of the continuation of the same feelings, opinions and necessities through their administration that made the first nomination and election a possibility, together with the power the place gave, as with Washington, Jackson, Lincoln and Grant.

Mr. Clay, the pride and almost the autocrat of the old Whig party, was not a possible President after his first defeat which was the grave of his hopes. So with Webster in that grand old party; his candidacy ever developed antagonism that made defeat inevitable. In the Republican party many bright and glorious morning stars have arisen only to set behind the storm clouds of opposition before their day was fairly done, as with Conkling, Brewster and Blaine. The great Democratic leaders have been in the same condition. McClellan, although popular in and out of the army, could not succeed on a platform that declared his three years of military leadership a failure. Hancock soon demonstrated that he knew more of tactics than of tariffs. The feeling that fosters the call for the old ticket of '76, Tilden and Hendrick, is that they were cheated out of their offices by the count, but the added years to the physical infirmities of both Tilden and Hendricks have not added to their moral or physical courage, and the Democracy will hardly attempt to cross the river upon the bridge that broke when its foundations and timbers were sounder than now. This Democracy that set aside the old ticket for a new one in 1880 will hardly retrace its steps over eight years in 1884. The principle they discarded for expediency once will not prove a talisman upon a second trial. It has lost its virtue by neglect and lapse of time. The hope of the Democracy lies in an untired leader. Whether he shall be McDonald, Bayard, Randall or Voorhees, no one can now say, but that it will be some such is certain. The old ticket is a memory, not a hope. —Indianapolis Journal.

Traveling Too Far Ahead.

S. F. Bulletin.

The Democracy think they have the "call" in the next Presidential election. The presumption is now that Ohio stands in the Democratic column. The chances are that New York will go Democratic in November. These two states, if they can be relied on in 1884, settle the question. The total number of electoral votes, under the new census, will be 401, against 369 during the previous decennial. But one very important factor is always omitted in these calculations. The Democrats have no hold on the country, unless they demonstrate that they can administer the government, local, State and national, better than the Republicans. They have no recent history that is of the least value politically to which they can appeal. The whole process of events, on the contrary, for a quarter of a century has been against them. They are on trial now in many city governments, State governments, and will be partly in the same condition during the next two years in the National Government. If the Democrats do not show that they are better administrators than the retired Republicans they will not have the easy road to victory they now anticipate. They have not been in a majority in the Northern States since the war. The accessions of strength they have received came from the Republicans, many of whom left their party because of its loose and extravagant methods. The Democrats have rope enough to hang themselves, if they are so minded, before the election comes off. The next session of Congress is sure to test their qualifications to handle the Government. There are a half-dozen issues before the country that will try their statesmanship. Failure either in the State or local governments will greatly weaken them. It has often happened that the party which was most confident of success before election was the party that suffered defeat. It is not impossible for the Republicans to right themselves. They may be reorganized, cast overboard their Jonahs, and hold their ground.

But the great fact is that reminiscences no longer control Presidential elections. Practical statesmanship and good government are the paramount considerations. The party that makes the best showing in that connection, is the party that will stand the best chance. At all events for the Democracy, the Senate has yet to be won. Success in 1884 might carry the body over to them. The Supreme Court, however, is far off. But that could be secured by reorganization. All parties play for the judiciary. The old Federalists sought to retain the real power of the Government by setting up a long-tenured judiciary, and filling it with their own men before they retired. Adams' Secretary of State was found signing these commissions after twelve o'clock midnight—that is to say the 4th of March, when his term had actually expired. But the scheme did not work well, and was easily overturned by Jefferson and the Republicans.

Young men or middle aged ones, suffering from nervous debility and kindred weaknesses should send three stamps for Part VII of World's Dispensary Dime Series of books. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla acts directly and promptly, to purify and enrich the blood, improve the appetite, strengthen the nerves, and brace up the system. It is therefore in the truest sense an alternative medicine. Every invalid should give it a trial.

NEW TO-DAY.

Frank and Clear.

Having Admitted the Strength of the Evidence, an Eminent Physician takes Logical Action.

The following letter tells its own story. The signature will be recognized as that of the Physician-in-Chief of the De Quincey Home, and author of "Drugs That Enslave," "The Hypodermic Injection of Morphine," "A Manual of Nursing," and many other popular and valuable special medical works:

151 WEST TENTH STREET, NEW YORK, August 11, 1880.

MESSES. SCARBURY & JOHNSON, Gentlemen—Like most of my profession, I am cautious about putting my faith to any new medicine or curative agent. But your BENSON'S CAPSULE POROUS PLASTER has broken through the barriers and won its way to my good opinion. My attention was first called to it some eight months ago by a patient of mine. Although I was well acquainted with the superior excellence of your other plaster and antiseptic dressing, made especially for the profession, the Benson's was comparative new to me. I had heard, however, of its merits as a remedy, in cases of Lame Back, Local Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Congestion of the Bronchial Tubes and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver and the like affections, and have since begun to experiment with it personally. I find BENSON'S CAPSULE PLASTER an exceptionally cleanly plaster to use, and rapid in its action.

Many tests of its qualities, made in my own family and among my patients, have convinced me that there is no other single article so valuable for popular use, nor so helpful in the diseases I have named.

Should you desire to do so, you may use my name to that effect.

Very truly yours,
J. H. KANE, A. M., M. D.

The genuine have the word CAPSULE cut in the center. Price 25 cents.
Scarbury & Johnson, Chemists, New York.

TOM BARNETT'S ADVERTISEMENT.

Tom Barnett's

—IS THE—

LEADING BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

THE BEST GOODS

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Pebble Goat Button Shoes, Ladies' \$2 00
Pebble Goat Button Shoes, Misses' 1 75
Pebble Goat Button Shoes, Tipped 1 50
Ladies' Kid Button Shoes 3 25
Misses' Kid Button Shoes 2 75
Children's Kid Button Shoes 2 00
Ladies' Pebble Goat Kace 2 00
Misses' Pebble Goat Lace 1 75
Children's Pebble Goat Lace 1 25

My Shoes are all from the Best Factories. My assortment is complete. Boots at Equally Reduced Rates. I also keep a fine assortment of **Furnishing Goods and Hats**. If you cannot call yourself, send your order and I will guarantee satisfaction.

TOM BARNETT, Reno, Nev.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS!

Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

We carry the largest and most varied stock of

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet & Fancy Articles

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS,

LAMP, CHANDELIERS, BIRD CAGES, PICTURE FRAMES, PICTURE AND CORNICE MOULDING, ETC., OF ANY HOUSE IN NEVADA.

Owing to our facilities for purchasing we are enabled to buy cheaper, and consequently can and do sell cheaper than any other house in the State.

A large stock of PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes always on hand.

All the LATEST IMPROVED SEWING MACHINES at prices to suit everybody.

All Drugs fresh and pure; all goods warranted.

Orders from a distance carefully and promptly attended to.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

GOEGGEL'S ADVERTISEMENT.

Under Big Stair-case, in Two-story Stone Building.

William Goeggel,

Dealer in gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, silverware, clocks and optical goods. Repairing a specialty. Best of workmanship guaranteed.

VIRGINIA ST., RENO.

LESSONS ON THE VIOLIN.

PROF. ZIMMER.

OF VIRGINIA CITY.

Will be in Reno every Saturday and will give lessons on the Violin from 8 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock P. M.

THOSE LIVING IN THE COUNTRY CAN BE ACCOMMODATED.

Any communication addressed to Prof. Zimmer, care JOURNAL Office will be promptly attended to.

JAMISON & SON,

DEALERS IN

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CIGARS, TOBACCO, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c

Home: 1014 Nevada, Reno, Nev.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that the Regular Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Pyramid Lake Mining Company, a corporation, will be held at the office of the Company, in Chambers' Building, Virginia street, Reno, Nevada, on Monday, the 14th day of November, 1883, at 1 o'clock P. M. of that day, to take into consideration the election of a Board of Trustees to serve for the ensuing year, and to transact such other and further business as may come before said meeting.

PUBLIC EVANS,
Secretary P. L. M. Co.

REMOVAL!!

J. FREDRICKS HAS REMOVED FROM Commercial Row to Virginia Street (Barnett's Block), and will be pleased to have his many friends and patrons call and examine his elegant stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY

Of Every Description.

MILLINERY and DRESSMAKING.

MISS SADIE SYKES

HAS FITTED UP HANDSOME ROOMS

—In the—

Northeast Corner of the Nevada Theater Building.

At the head of the main stairs, and is prepared to do work and fill orders in the best style.

The ladies of Reno and vicinity are respectfully invited to call at my rooms in the Nevada Theater, and examine my Fall and Winter stock of MILLINERY GOODS, ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, DRESS PATTERNS, ETC.

Dressmaking attended to in all its branches.

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TRUCKEE MARKET.

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The Truckee Market will be supplied at all times with the very freshest, freshest, juiciest and best

MEATS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

At the best in the land, and cheaper than the cheapest. Give us a trial!

SAMPLE ROOMS.

"NARROW GAUGE"

Virginia St., Reno.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

Come and See Me

MORRIS ASH.

LAFAYETTE HOTEL,

RENO, NEVADA.

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Opposite the C. P. and V. T. Depots.

Our House new and comfortably furnished with BATHS FOR GUESTS. First-class accommodations.

SUNDAY.....NOVEMBER 4, 1888.

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL,
12 1/2 CENTS PER WEEK.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

RAILROAD TRAINS.

Trains Arrive at Reno.

Overland from West.....	6:30 A. M.
Overland from East.....	7:40 A. M.
Express from South.....	6:00 A. M.
Freight from West.....	4:55 A. M.
Freight from East.....	6:15 P. M.
Freight from South.....	7:30 P. M.
Freight from East.....	4:55 A. M.
Accommodation from South.....	12 M.
Accommodation from East.....	7:45 P. M.

Trains Leave Reno.

Overland going East.....	7:00 A. M.
Overland going West.....	8:10 A. M.
Express going South.....	7:30 A. M.
Freight going East.....	8:50 A. M.
Freight going West.....	7:35 P. M.
Freight going South.....	8:30 A. M.
Accommodation going South.....	12:30 P. M.
Accommodation going East.....	7:30 P. M.

*Standard time 12 minutes faster than O. P. time.

IN AND OUT OF TOWN.

What is Being Said and Done in a Small Way.

Not a ripple in Police Court yesterday.

Yesterday was remarkably dull for Saturday.

Spanish Students at the Theater to-morrow night.

Reports from Pyramid continue encouraging.

Farm hands are said to be very scarce in Sierra Valley.

The County Commissioners will meet in regular session to-morrow.

The snow storm of night before last is said to have been very heavy in the Sierras.

Bob McGinley is doing a rushing business in the concert line at Winnemucca.

Young cattle in Smith Valley, Esmeralda county, are rapidly dying with blackleg.

There are no recent or startling developments made in the Storey county safe robbery.

The weather still maintains an unsettled appearance, with every indication of more storm.

This is a good day to sample Geo. Becker's brew and test the merits of his Pacific Brewery beer.

Deputy Warden J. E. Coulter has been re-elected Captain of the Virginia Artillery Company.

There is a large amount of freight at the depot awaiting transportation to the northern country.

There are 210,000 acres of vacant government land in Sierra county still open to entry and settlement.

During the last two days of the Carson races the weather was too unpleasant to make the scenes enjoyable.

Wouldn't it be a good idea to inaugurate a series of entertainments for the benefit of the Public Reading Rooms?

Hank Rhodes, who was given quarters at the county hospital last week, is improving. He had a fearful struggle for a few days.

There will be a number of Nevada people go to the new gold fields in northern Idaho next Spring, if the reports are as good then as now.

Ben Franklin's throat trouble is about well. He has gone through trouble enough to kill an ordinary man.

There will be no preaching in the Methodist Church to-day. There will be class meeting at the usual hour, 10:30 A. M., and Sunday School at 12:30 P. M.

Notwithstanding the unpleasant weather yesterday, a goodly number of farmers found their way into town to do their regular shopping for the week.

Dan Boyd says that if a midnight raid is contemplated on the Washoe County Treasury he would like to have it come off before the 10th, when the taxes become due.

D. Banks McKenzie, the famous temperance lecturer, who was in Reno a year or two ago, is now the Manager of the Walker Opera House, in Salt Lake City.

Constructing the bridge across the Lake ditch and repairing the Water Company's pipes on Virginia street gives that part of town quite a business like appearance just now.

J. A. Ferguson, successor to John Bowman & Co., is making some additions to the store. He is putting in some new shelving and will soon enlarge his stock of goods.

In an item in yesterday's issue of the JOURNAL relative to the price paid for wood for the public school, an error appeared which put the price at \$2 55, when it should have been \$5 25 per cord.

The entertainment at the Theater Monday night will be given by 16 of the best performers now traveling.

E. Meyer never allows his stock of cigars and tobacco to run down. At his place can always be had the best of foreign and domestic cigars, and favorite brands of chewing and smoking tobacco.

People arose from their slumbers yesterday morning to find the ground well whitened with the snows of Winter. In town the snow was about an inch deep but soon disappeared.

The Reno newspapers are in a flourishing condition and speak volumes for the enterprise of the town. There is nothing like a live newspaper to make a community prosperous.—Sierra Valley Leader.

Nearly every hitherto deserted mining camp in the State presents some show of life just now, by reason of the fact that many of the claim owners have deemed it best to return and do their annual assessment work.

The stock kept at the White House clothing store is complete in every respect, and is a credit to a town like Reno. There is not a more extensive and varied stock carried in any house of the kind in the whole State of Nevada. Prices are such as suit the times.

Something for Farmers.

The Sierra Valley Leader calls attention to a recent report of a professor in an agricultural school in Sweden, in which sunflower seed cake is highly recommended as a food for cattle. He also claims that the dry seed will be eaten readily by almost any kind of stock, and is especially valuable as a food for all kinds of poultry. The professor says that careful experiments made with it upon milch cows "tend to show that it improves both the quality and increases quantity of milk, the butter from which is also of exceptional excellence. Many practical farmers in the neighborhood have made trial of it and are unanimous in their favorable verdict. The milch cows relished it from the first day it was fed to them and in all cases an improvement in the quality of the milk was quickly discovered. For draft oxen and fattening bullocks it is equally suitable, especially for the latter, whose meat, when thus influenced, presents an unequalled richness of flavor, and it may be given in small quantities to horses with much advantage, mixed into a mash with chaff. The sunflower grows well all over this State, and where any attempt at cultivation is made it grows to immense size. A sunflower was exhibited at the Mason Valley Fair this fall which measured two feet in diameter and contained over a gallon of seed. The plant will flourish on lands unfit for grain and requires but little irrigation, and herein may be an opportunity to add another production that could be consumed here to advantage. Some experimenting might be indulged in to advantage.

Famous Footprints.

Referring to the wonderful footprints in the Carson prison quarry the New York World says the society on the Stanislaus has moved to Carson, Nev., where the footprints of a long extinct mammoth have now ceased to trouble the savants. We say the footprints of a long-extinct mammoth, because in the earlier days of the Academy of Science the fossil marks in the old limestone formations were erroneously attributed to the presence of a gigantic quadruped who had inadvertently put his foot on it and made his mark for all time. The society was about to construct the mammoth and plaster casts of his skeleton were designed when the leading shoemaker of Carson, Nev., joined the society. He looked into the footprint, and mark the result! The Academy of Science has nashed its plaster casts, reconsidered the resolution by which the fossil mammoth was admitted to the place of honor, and resolved that the mammoth footprint was the print of an early, very early, Carson man.

Lyon's Proposition.

Judge Murphy has decided that Lyon county shall pay to Esmeralda county the sum of \$10,247 54 as its proportion of the indebtedness of Esmeralda county, and which Lyon is required to pay by the terms of the so-called land-slide Act of last Winter, by which a large portion of Mason Valley was attached to Lyon.

What We Need in Nevada.

Denver papers mention a new process for smelting ores. Brett, the discoverer, says he can treat fifty tons of ore daily, at a cost of ninety cents to \$1 50 per ton. The "plant" is cheap, easily operated, and can be worked in the mines as well as in the cities.

A Third Term.

Speaking of the Sierra Valley stage robbers recently convicted and sent to prison, the Nevada Transcript says that the robber who gives the name of John Marshall is none other than the notorious John Robinson, who has already served two terms at San Quentin. His working partner has generally been Bill Howard who used to live in the vicinity of Forest City and will be well remembered in Sierra county. Robinson and Howard were sent up together from Marysville, several years ago for burglary, the former getting six years and the latter ten years. Robinson, alias Marshall, was turned loose about ten months ago, his term having expired, and Howard is still a resident of the strong house at San Quentin. The officers know of no crime having been committed previous to the Truckee robbery by Martin, who was Robinson's accomplice in that scrape. This is the reason why Martin got only five years.

Help Him Out.

Some time ago the JOURNAL called attention to the fact that an old gentleman who has been domiciled in the county hospital for several years, is absolutely dying of homesickness. He says he has children living in Illinois, where he wants to go, and is absolutely grieving his life away to think he cannot. He is now 72 years of age, and cries like a child when pleading for an opportunity to go back to his children. It would be an economical move, besides an act of Christian charity, for the Commissioners to appropriate money enough to procure the old gentleman an emigrant ticket and let him go. He is not long for this world at best, and if he has children in Illinois the county will lose nothing in the end by sending him to them. The expense would be trifling.

He Still Lives.

A Stage driver carried "Grizzly Dan" from Sierra City to Johnsville the other day, on the promise that the stage fare be paid upon his arrival at that place. When he got there the old bear slayer declared he hadn't a cent, and to emphasize the assertion, put his hat on the ground and emptied the contents of his pockets into it. Steve deliberately picks up the hat and drives off with it. The only article of value was a razor which looked familiar to the stage driver. Upon investigation it proved to be his own which his passenger had stolen at Buxton's hotel. He considers himself well paid.

Newspaper Geography.

In the public schools of New Haven, Connecticut a new course of study called "newspaper geography" has been adopted. This consists of requiring the student to trace out, on his map, places referred to in news reports in the daily papers. The same idea might be carried into effect in the schools out this way, greatly to the profit of the pupils.

Some Cattle.

From the second day of September to the 30th day of October of the present year, not quite two months, there passed through Wadsworth 9,046 head of beef cattle from Winnemucca and points east in Nevada, for the San Francisco markets.

Correct.

In an article on the need and advantages of a flouring mill in Mason Valley, the Lyon County Times says that S. C. Fogus, a practical mill man at Reno, "has demonstrated beyond a doubt the superiority of Nevada wheat for making flour over California wheat."

A Good Effect.

It is noticeable that one of the good effects of the Chinese Restriction Act is the fact that every girl in San Francisco, who is able and willing to work can find ready and profitable employment.

A Card.

William Pinniger tenders his best thanks to his numerous friends, and the public generally, for the very liberal support accorded him in the past, and he begs to inform them that he has again effected a co-partnership with R. E. Queen, at the old stand, and respectfully invites a continuance of their patronage. The new firm have added largely to their stock of drugs, chemicals, patent medicines, wines and liquors for medicinal purposes; toilet and fancy articles, etc. In the dispensing departments they make a specialty of physicians' prescriptions and family receipts, bringing to their already large experience the latest achievements in scientific pharmacy, and are prompt in filling all orders entrusted to them.

Pinniger & Queen.

Note the address—West side of Virginia street, Reno.

Important Land Decisions.

Judge McBray, of the U. S. Circuit Court, in Colorado has rendered an important decision in relation to land patents. The United States brought suit to cancel sixty-one patents to lands held by the Colorado Coal and Iron Company and others in Las Animas county. The patents were obtained through the Pre-emption Law between 1870 and 1874, and were issued from the Pueblo Land Office. Afterward it was found the patents had been irregularly obtained, the patentees being fictitious persons. Testimony was introduced to show that the Register and Receiver of the Land Office were parties to the fraud. The defence claimed that the deeds are now good, granting they were fraudulently obtained, because now in the hands of innocent parties. The Judge held adversely and rendered a decision in favor of complainant, which cancels the title to 2560 acres of valuable land.

The Coming Entities.

Next Wednesday important political battles will be fought in thirteen States, including Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Massachusetts, Maryland, Minnesota, New Jersey, New York, Virginia and Wisconsin.

General Sherman says he doesn't fear death, but he really would not like to die before General Rosecrans. He doesn't want it asserted after he is dead that he never in reality made the march to the sea.

During a fight between Dave Steinbeck and a man named Lanley at St. Paul, Minn., a few days ago, the wife of the latter drove a pitchfork into Steinbeck's brain, killing him instantly.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. feb. 21-5w-1yr

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the most reliable, and most economical blood-purifier that can be used. It invariably expels all blood poisons from the system, enriches and renews the blood, and restores its vitalizing power. It is the best known remedy for Scrofula and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blisters, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin, as also for all disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years."

W. H. MOORE.

Durham, Ia., March 2, 1882.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists; \$1, six bottles for \$5.

NEVADA THEATER.

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

Monday, November 5, 1883.

The Celebrated Original

"FIGARO"

SPANISH STUDENTS!

16-IN NUMBER-16

A Great Musical Novelty!

A Rare Melodious Treat!

Their Playing is Indescribable!

Immense Hit

Nothing of the Kind Ever Here

Prices as Usual.

Reserved Seats for Sale at Postoffice.
EUGENE SCHUTZ.

JOHN SUNDERLAND'S ADVERTISEMENT.

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

BOOTS



SHOES

HATS AND CAPS,

JUST RECEIVED, CONSISTING OF ALL KINDS, GRADES AND QUALITIES, BEING THE MOST EXTENSIVE AND BEST SELECTED STOCK EVER BROUGHT TO THE STATE,

—And will be sold—

At Eastern and San Francisco Prices.

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

F. LEVY & BRO.

CARPETS!

Carpets, Carpets,

OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES,

An Immense Stock Just Received at

F. LEVY & BRO'S.

LEADING CLOTHING EMPORIUM.

HOW ABOUT WINTER CLOTHING?

THIS IS THE MONTH TO BUY AND

Nathan's Clothing Emporium

THE PLACE TO BUY.

My Fall and Winter Stock is Now In.

EVERYBODY KNOWS WHO HAS TRIED ME, AND THOSE WHO HAVE NOT SHOULD call at once and be convinced that I sell better goods for less money than any other house in town. I have the largest stock and latest styles in

Clothing and Furnishing Goods!

MEN'S, YOUTHS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS, CAPS, BLANKETS, ETC., ETC.

I have the Largest Assortment, Greatest Variety and Lowest Prices.

M. NATHAN,

Virginia Street, Reno.

PALACE HOTEL.

THE PALACE

—18—

Reno's Leading Hotel.

—IT HAS —

LIGHT SUNNY ROOMS?

RESTAURANT ATTACHED,

FINE BILLIARD PARLORS

EVERY ATTENTION PAID TO GUESTS.

Polite and accommodating attendants in every department. The house is first-class throughout; is open day and night and every attention shown travelers.

PARKING & WHITE.

TIME TABLE.

V. & T. R. R.

TIME TABLE.

TAKING EFFECT

TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1883.

Trains From Virginia to Carson and Reno.

STATIONS.	San Francisco Express.	Local Passenger	Local Passenger
Virginia.....	Departs—4:10 A. M.	Departs—8:10 A. M.	Departs—4:00 P. M.
Gold Hill.....	Departs—4:30 A. M.	Departs—8:30 A. M.	Departs—4:10 P. M.
Mound House.....	Arrives—4:49 A. M.	Arrives—8:50 A. M.	Arrives—4:40 P. M.
Carson.....	Departs—4:55 P. M.	Departs—9:00 A. M.	Departs—4:50 P. M.
Reno.....	Arrives—5:28 A. M.	Arrives—9:30 A. M.	Arrives—5:30 P. M.
	Departs—5:35 A. M.	Departs—10:05 A. M.	Departs—6:00 P. M.
	Arrives—5:50 A. M.	Arrives—12:00 P. M.	Arrives—7:45 P. M.

Trains From Reno to Carson and Virginia.

STATIONS.	San Francisco Express.	Local Passenger	Local Passenger
Reno.....	8:10 A. M.	9:00 A. M.	2:30 P. M.
Carson.....	Arrives—8:25 A. M.	Arrives—9:10 A. M.	Arrives—2:45 P. M.
	Departs—9:35 A. M.	Departs—11:30 A. M.	Departs—6:15 P. M.
Mound House.....	Arrives—10:05 A. M.	Arrives—12:10 P. M.	Arrives—6:55 P. M.
Gold Hill.....	Arrives—10:15 A. M.	Arrives—12:30 P. M.	Arrives—6:55 P. M.
Virginia.....	Arrives—10:48 A. M.	Arrives—1:03 P. M.	Arrives—7:48 P. M.
	Arrives—11:00 A. M.	Arrives—1:15 P. M.	Arrives—7:50 P. M.

H. M. YERINGTON,

General Superintendent.

D. A. BENDER,

General Freight and Passenger Agent.

CARSON & COLORADO R. R.

TIME TABLE

TAKING EFFECT

MONDAY, JULY 2, 1883.

STATIONS.	Bodie and Bishop Creek Express.	San Francisco and Virginia Express.
Mound House.....	10:20 A. M.	4:40 A. M.
Dayton.....	10:50 "	4:10 "
Clifton.....	11:30 "	3:25 "
Fort Churchill.....	12:05 P. M.	2:45 "
Washoe.....	12:10 "	2:50 "
Wendover.....	12:40 "	2:20 "
Clayton.....	1:10 "	2:05 "
Mason.....	1:25 "	3:00 "
Rio Vista.....	1:50 "	1:55 "
Schurz.....	2:10 "	1:50 "
Glendale.....	2:40 "	1:15 P. M.
Hawthorne.....	4:30 "	10:50 "
Stansfeld.....	5:00 "	10:20 "
Kimberly.....	5:10 "	9:25 "
Luning.....	5:50 "	9:15 "
New Boston.....	6:15 "	8:55 "
Soda Springs.....	6:55 "	8:35 "
Rhodes.....	7:15 "	8:15 "
Belleville.....	7:50 "	7:50 "
Sanford.....	8:00 "	7:40 "
Junction.....	8:10 "	7:30 "
Candelaria.....	8:35 "	6:55 "
Section 15.....	8:45 "	6:45 "
Basalt.....	9:25 "	6:15 "
Summit.....	10:15 "	5:25 "
Queen.....	11:05 "	4:35 "
Benton.....	11:50 "	3:45 "
Hammill.....	12:30 "	3:05 "
Section 21.....	1:10 "	2:25 "
Bishop Creek.....	1:35 "	2:00 "

Passenger trains are run daily and make close connection at Mound House with trains of the Virginia and Truckee Railroad for Virginia City and Reno, and with the Central Pacific Railroad at Reno, via the Virginia and Truckee Railroad, for all points East and West.

H. M. YERINGTON,

General Supt.

R. J. LAWS,

Assistant Supt.

D. A. BENDER,

Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

LEGAL.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.

UNION TRUST COMPANY, OF NEW YORK, A Corporation, Complainant,
vs.
NEVADA AND OREGON RAILROAD COMPANY, a Corporation, Defendant.

By virtue of an interlocutory decree and order of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the United States, Ninth Circuit and District of Nevada, and to me directed and delivered, rendered in said Court on the 7th day of August, A. D. 1883, wherein the Union Trust Company, of New York, a corporation, is complainant, and Nevada and Oregon Railroad Company, a corporation, is defendant.

And whereas it appears that on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1883, the said defendant executed its certain series of 3,000 bonds of the denomination of \$1,000 each and then and thereupon, and each of said bonds acknowledged itself indebted, and promised to pay to the holder thereof, at the City of New York, the sum of \$1,000 on the first day of June, in the year 1890, and also therein and thereby promised to pay interest thereon at the rate of eight (8) per cent. per annum, interest payable semi-annually, on the first days of June and December of each year. That each of said bonds was one of a series of 3,000 of like amount, date, tenor and effect, amounting in the aggregate to three million dollars, and each of said bonds and all of them were secured by a mortgage or deed of Trust duly executed and made to the complainant, Union Trust Company, of New York, which said mortgage or deed of Trust was dated April 25th, A. D. 1883, and was upon all the estate, real and personal, and franchises then owned or thereafter to be acquired by the said defendant, Nevada and Oregon Railroad Company, in the States of Nevada and California.

That of said 3,000 bonds complainant, Union Trust Company, of New York, certified 600 and no more, and that no more than 600 of said bonds are valid obligations of said Railroad Company.

That of said 600 bonds certified by complainant a large number were negotiated and sold and are now outstanding in the hands of bona fide purchasers for value. And whereas I am commanded to advertise and sell the following described premises and appurtenances in the manner required by law, Notice is hereby given that under the authority of said interlocutory decree and order of sale, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to-wit: at 12 o'clock M. on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1883, I will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House of Washoe county State of Nevada, in the town of Reno, to the highest and best bidder for cash, gold coin or United States, or the purchaser at said sale may make payment by the said bonds and coupons of said company at a pro rata valuation regulated by the net amount of the price realized at said sale, less such amount of cash as said Union Trust Company shall require to be paid in view of being able to convey a good title, free of all incumbrances, charges and expenses, commissions and charges; all and singular the property, franchises, and estate, real and personal, heretofore mentioned, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit: All the railroad line of the said Nevada and Oregon Railroad Company, commencing at or near the town of Aurora, in the State of Nevada, and running thence to a point in the State of California at or near the boundary line between said State of California and the State of Oregon, and where said boundary line between said States intersects the eastern shore of Goose Lake, and extending through the counties of Sacramento, Douglas, Ormsby, Washoe and Reno, in the State of Nevada; thence into and through the counties of Sierra, Lassen and Modoc, in the State of California, a distance of three hundred miles, as near as may be, including all the lands and estate, real and personal, rights of way, roadway, track and tracks, together with all the superstructures, depots, depot grounds, station houses, water tanks, work shops, machine shops, machinery, side tracks, turn-outs, turn-tables, weighing scales, locomotives, tenders, cars, rolling stock of all kinds, engines, equipments, fixtures, tools, and all other property which might be necessarily used or ordinarily used in operating or repairing said railroad, or anything connected therewith, including all of the said property now constructed or completed, purchased, acquired, held or owned by the said railroad company, pertaining to said railroad, and all the corporate rights, privileges and franchises of said company pertaining to said railroad, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, incomes, issues and profits thereof, with all and singular the titles, interest, estate, property, possession, claim and demand in law or in equity of said Railroad Company of, in and to the same or any part or parcel thereof, to secure the payment of the said 600 bonds or so many thereof as may hereafter be ascertained to be valid obligations of said company and entitled to share in the security of said mortgage, and for the payment of said bonds and the interest thereon, and for the payment of the costs, expenses, commissions and attorneys' fee hereafter to be ascertained and found, but which sum is largely in excess of three hundred thousand dollars.

Dated Reno, Nevada, Oct. 9th, A. D. 1883.
F. S. CORBETT,
U. S. Marshal, Dist. Nevada.

The above sale is hereby postponed until Monday, December 3d, 1883, at the same hour and place. F. S. CORBETT, U. S. Marshal.
October 25th 1883.

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, State of Nevada, in and for the county of Washoe.

The State of Nevada sends to Frank Odette, Thomas Frechill and Joseph Odette, greeting: You are hereby required to appear in an action commenced against you as defendant, by A. J. Clark, as plaintiff, in the District Court of the Seventh Judicial District, in and for the county of Washoe, State of Nevada, and answer the complaint therein within ten days after the service on you of this summons (exclusive of the day of service) if served in said county, or twenty days if served out of said county, but within said District, and in all other cases forty days; or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint. The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage described in the said complaint and executed by Frank Odette on the 1st day of April, 1882, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated the first day of April, 1880, made by said Frank Odette, for the sum of \$725, payable one year after date to the order of A. J. Clark, with interest thereon at the rate of one and one-quarter per cent. per month from date until paid, that the premises conveyed may be sold and the proceeds applied to the payment of said promissory note with interest thereon as aforesaid and costs of suit, and in case such proceeds are not sufficient to pay the same then to obtain execution against said Frank Odette for the balance remaining due and also that the defendant and all persons claiming by, through or under them, may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title claim, lien, equity of redemption in and to said mortgaged premises and for other and further relief.

All of which will more fully appear from the complaint which is on file in the office of said Court at Reno, in said county.

And you are further notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded.

Dated Reno, this 11th day of September, 1883.
H. B. COSSITT,
Atty. for Plff.

RENO AND FT. BIDWELL STAGE

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

EAQAR & CO., - Proprietors.

THIS IS THE ROUTE FOR PYRAMID, Round Hole, Buffalo Salt Works, Buffalo Meadows, Duck Flat, Eagleview, Cedarville and Lake City.

Connects at Cedarville with stages for Alturas, and at Alturas with stages for Baker, Oregon, and at Lakeview with stages for Chewaucan, Silver Lake, Summer Lake, Abbot's Lake, Prineville, and the Dalles, also with stages for Drew's Valley, Inuhville, Sprague River and Ashland.

Particular attention paid to express packages on the regular line and to Alturas.

Stages leave Reno daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 A. M. Schedule time each way 24 hours.

T. K. HYMERS, Agent, Reno.

POWDER, ETC.

THE CALIFORNIA

POWDER WORKS,

430 CALIFORNIA STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Manufacture and have constantly on hand

SPORTING.

MINING,

and BLASTING

POWDER

Of superior quality, fresh from the mills. It is being constantly received and transported into the interior, is delivered to the consumer within a few days of the time of its manufacture, and is in every way

Superior to Any Other Powder

In market. We have been awarded successively

Three Gold Medals!

At the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE and the STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY for the superiority of our products over all others. We call attention to our

Hercules Powder,

Which combines all the force of other strong explosives now in use, and the lifting force of the very

BEST BLASTING POWDER

Thus making it vastly superior to any other compound now in use

Circular containing a full description of this Powder can be obtained on application at the office or of any of our Agents.

JOHN F. LOMBS, Secy.

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE R. R.

— THE —

DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILWAY

Connecting the Central Pacific at Ogden,

With the Burlington and Missouri River R. R. at Denver

and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe as Pueblo,

— AND FORMING —

The New Scenic Route Across the Continent

IS NOW OPEN FOR THROUGH BUSINESS.

Salt Lake City, Gunnison, Leadville, Pueblo, Colorado Springs,

MANITOU AND DENVER

Are on this road, together with the

Grandest Mountain Scenery in the World!

ELEGANT EQUIPMENT, SHORT LINE, FAST TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

Tickets are now on sale at all Coupon Offices of the Central Pacific Railroad.

For full information concerning the New Route apply to

T. D. MCKAY,
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Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent,
Denver, Colo.

D. C. DODGE,
General Manager,
Denver, Colo.

BLAINE'S NEW BOOK.

"TWENTY YEARS OF CONGRESS."

FROM LINCOLN TO GARFIELD.

1861

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A History of National Legislation,

By JAS. G. BLAINE.

The work will be complete in Two Royal Octavo volumes of about 600 pages each, printed from new electrotype plates, on superfine book paper, bound finely and substantially.

In Fine English Muslin, marble edges... \$4.50 per Volume

In Full Sheep, library style, " " " 5.50 " "

Seal Russia, " " " 6.25 " "

In Turkey Morocco, " " " 7.00 " "

Illustrated with

Fine Steel Portraits

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

PYRAMID LAKE MINING COMPANY, I. O. Cation of works, Pyramid Mining District, Location of principal place of business, Reno, Nevada.

OFFICE OF PYRAMID LAKE MINING COMPANY, Reno, Nev., Oct. 18, 1883.—At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Pyramid Lake Mining Company, held this day, an assessment (No. 1) of ten cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the company, payable immediately in U. S. gold coin to the Secretary of the company, Chambers' Building, Virginia street, Reno, Nevada, and if not paid on or before the 1st day of November, 1883, the same shall become delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction, at the company's office, on Monday the 17th day of December, 1883, at one o'clock P. M. of said day, to pay such delinquent assessment together with costs of advertisement and sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
PIERCE EVANS,
Secretary.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

SOUTH SIDE IRRIGATING CANAL COMPANY, Location of Canal, Washoe county, Nevada, principal place of business Reno, Washoe county, Nevada.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the above named company held on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1883, an assessment (No. 16) of one dollar per share was levied on each and every share of the capital stock of the company, payable immediately in U. S. gold coin to John B. Williams, Secretary and Treasurer, at his office in the Court House, Reno, Nevada. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of November, 1883, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be advertised for sale at public auction, and unless previously paid will be sold by the Secretary of said company at his office on Wednesday, the 19th day of December, 1883, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, to pay such delinquent assessment, together with costs and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
JOHN B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

Reno, Nevada, October 18, 1883.

N. & O. R. R.

THE NEVADA AND OREGON Railroad is now in operation

THIRTY-ONE MILES NORTHWARD FROM RENO, TO ONEIDA,

For the transportation of Mail and Express, Passengers and Freight, connecting with Meyer's Stages FOR QUINCY AND SUSANVILLE and adjacent country.

TRAINS leave Reno at 7:15 A. M. Returning arrive at 6:30 P. M.

split
W. F. BERRY, Manager.

M. B. AUGUSTINE. W. O. H. MARTIN.

MARTIN & AUGUSTINE,

SUCCESSORS TO BERRY & BOYD,
Reno, Nevada,

DEALERS IN HARDWARE

Crockery, Groceries,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

Wines and Liquors.
apost

T. K. HYMERS,

(Successor to Hymers & Comstock), proprietor of the

TRUCKEE LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE

Cor. Sierra and Second Sts., Reno, Nev.

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

— TO LET —

And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month. Terms to suit the times.

We have also attached a large Hay Yard with good Stables. Also, Corral for Loose Stock, well watered. HEARSE TO LET.

A MAN

WHO IS UNABLE TO GET THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP THAT THE



CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RY

By the central position of its line, connecting the East and West by the shortest route, and carrying passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Square, Chicago, with the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Also, the Best Line of Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

ALBERT LEA ROUTE.

A New and Direct Line, connecting Kansas City, New Orleans, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Savannah, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul, and an intermediate point.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through, and rates of fare as low as any competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folding Timetable.

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

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A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not required. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once, and on terms from Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address Taux & Co., Augusta, Maine.

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